

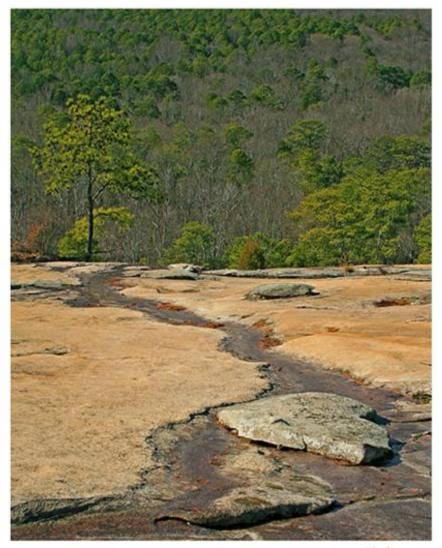
LAND MANAGEMENT AREAS AND NATURAL HISTORY INFORMATION

(Land Management policies are also included)

2012



STONE MOUNTAIN PARK Land Management Plan



Land Mangement Plan's purpose -

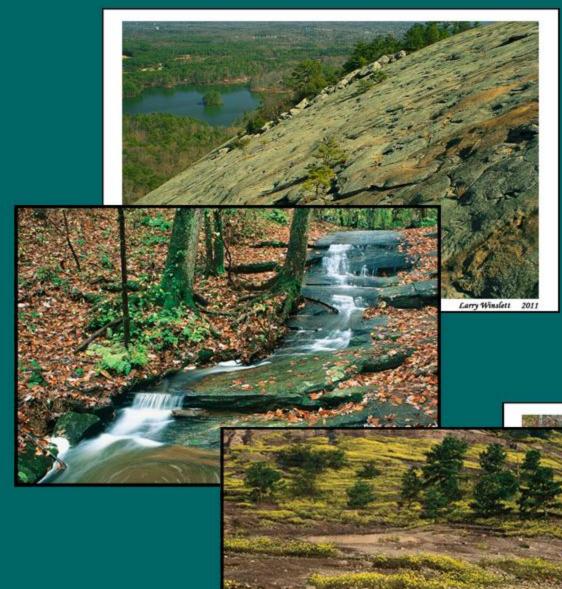
"to assist and guide in the protection and enhancement of the park's natural resources."

Larry Winslett 2012

Stone Mountain Park has a VARIETY OF HABITATS



HIGH SPECIES DIVERSITY



Habitats

The Mountain Lakes Streams Forests Flat Rock Outcrops Open Fields



Stone Mountain







Botanical Diversity

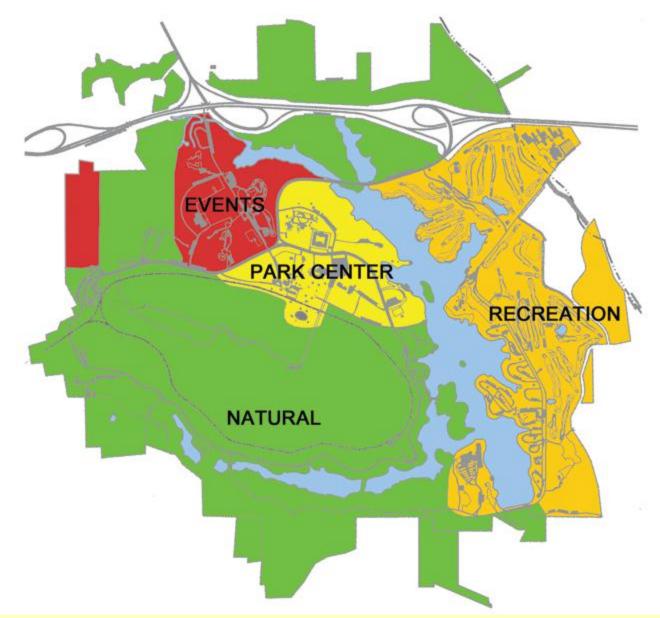
Granite Endemics Common Unusual Rare Endangered





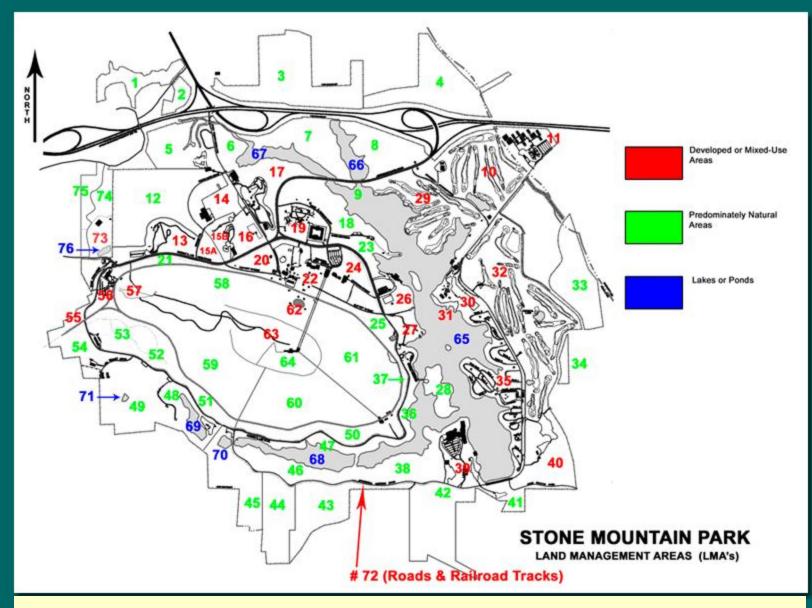
Larry Windets 2011



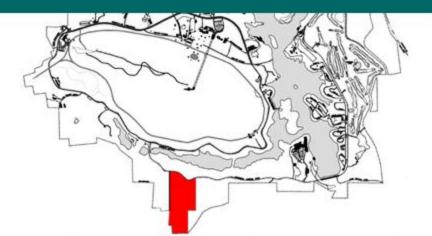


Park Districts

In 1992, the Park was divided into four primary land use districts to function as a general zoning plan to guide future development within the Park.



Land Management Areas - In 2005, we further divided the Park into 76 land management areas (LMAs) to help us better manage the natural and cultural resources of the Park. Each area has a specified plan of management.





Current Bird Sanctuary Natural District Land Management Area #44

We also include a map and photo page to more easily locate the LMA within the whole land management plan. Each LMA has its own information page where we highlight issues for the area, give a brief description, and describe a management plan for that LMA.

Land Management Area (LMA) Information Sheet

LMA #44

Location

This LMA is located south of Stonewall Jackson Drive and north of Roskbridge road. It is bordered on the east and west by fencing. It is currently the Songbird Habitat.

Description

This LMA is located in the Natural District. The area is predominantly a young recovering habitat of open fields with various grasses and clovers. To the south and along the sides are some forest, mostly young pine. The area contains a small wetland in the northeast corner. A small stream borders the area on the east beyond the fence. The area has a maintained trail system. also has an access road and a small parking area on the east side. This area was previously the site for the 1996 Olympic Cycling and Anhery events. Prior to that, it had been used at various times as a dump and for dit removal for other projects. This area has very diverse and evolving plant life. Some wildflower species like Blue Curl, Primrose-Villow, Golden Aster, Purple Gerardia, and Golden Tickseed are in few, if any, other places in the park The area also has some young deciduous trees, such as white and red oaks, sweetgum, and poplar. In addition to a healthy and diverse bird population, the area also has many other wildlife species such as white tail deer, bobcats, foxes, squirrels, lizards, and snakes. This area has a large collection of invasives, including privet, honeysuckle, kudzu, princess tree, mimosa, Russian olive, and English ky. The only rare species issue known is that the Georgia Asterwas described in the area along its west border (see #1 on UMA map and species map#4 for more details and GPS location) It has not been seen in several years though in that location. This area cortains a pionic area opened in the spring of 2009. Pine thinning in 2010.

Issues

- The area contains exotic species. See Supplement #2 for more details on specific locations and issues.
- Continuing maintenance on educational kiosks and the trails. Blackberry vines that are very heavy in some areas along the trails and may need attention.
- Maintain the view from the observation platform at the north end of the area.
- This area's only erosion issue is non-point source run-off from the parking lot and road that drains to Venable Lake.
- This area possibly has security issues because of the isolated nature of its parking area. This could provide opportunity for illegal activity.

Management Objectives

The primary objectives for this area would be to maintain or improve its existing condition. Management plan attached. The possibility of reintroducing the Georgia Atter is being considered for this area.

ISSUES				
Endangered and/or Indicator Species	No			
Invasive Species	Yes			
Invasive Animals	No			
Landscaping	Yes			
Trails				
Vandalism	No			
Old-growth (mature)	No			
Lakes	No			
Wetlands	Yes			
Erosion/Drainage	Yes			
Water Quality	No			
Specific Monitoring Desired Future Cond.				
				Streams
Archeological Sites				
Historic Sites	No			
Scenic Vetas	Yes			
Education	No			
Traffic	No			
Security	Yes			
Structures	No			
Roads/Sidewalks	Yes			
Infrastructure	No			
Trash/Litter	Yes			
Page 4	14a			



STONE MOUNTAIN PARK LAND MANAGEMENT PLAN INFORMATION BOOK

Supplement #1

Includes supporting documents for the Land Management Plan. Articles relating to the park's wildlike, plants, waters, geology, and other important natural history information are included. Relevant lists, letters, guides, and documents relating to these issues are included. Some of these are current, some are historical, and some, such as state and federal plant and animal lists need periodic updates to stay current.

We have three additional books:

Supplement 1 gathers past and present important natural history documents into one place.

Stone Mountain Land Management Plan Natural History Information

This section includes documents that provide data about the Park that supports, and in some cases verifies, the information provided in the Land Management Plan. Some sections of this document need to be monitored for updates by other agencies (highlighted) such as Ga. DNR and the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service. Additional information should also be sought and added when appropriate. This is especially true of the sections relating to endangered wildlife and water quality. Maintaining this section is essential so the Park will always be insured of having the latest information on hand at all times to help guide land management decisions.

Contents:

- 1. Supporting Documents miso. letters, lists, etc.
- 2. Rare species classification descriptions
- 3. Master Plan development document -- from Trees Atlanta
- 4. Georgia Protected Species (includes Dekalb Co. End. Species and habitats)
- 5. 1996 Mike Moore Plant survey
- 6. Fairy Shrimp conservation agreement and recommendations (1998)
- 7. Endangered plant recovery plan-Richards (1994)
- 8. Endangered Plant Recovery Plan Alison for USFWS
- 9. James R. Alison park plant atticle, "Lair of the Snorkelwort" GaBOTSOC
- 10. Excerpts from Bizabeth Ford Book on Stone Mountain
- 11. Macro-invertebrates of Georgia Outcrops Starton and Zuiderveen
- 12. Friends of Stone Mountain Bird summary and Survey (2002) Winslett
- 13. Stone Mountain Lichen list Beeching
- 14. Stone Mountain Archeological sites Chase
- 15. Stone Mountain Geological Guide Atkins and Joyce
- Granite Outcrop Communities Murdy
- 17. Primary Succession on Granite Outcrop Surfaces Shure and Ragsdale
- 18. Granite Outcrop Communities of the Piedmont Burbanck and Platt
- 19. Vegetation of the Granite Flat-rocks of the Southeast US -- McVaugh
- 20. DNR Comp. Wildlife Conservation Strategy overview with priority species (CWICS)
- 21. Ga. DNR Animals of Special Concern (last updated 8/2011)
- 22. Ga. DNR Plants of Special Concern (last updated 8/2011)
- 23. Ga. DNR Plant Watch List (last updated 8/2011)
- 24. Ocmulgee River Basin water quality information with rare species and communities
- 25. Ga. Piedmont Plant Communities Trees Atlanta
- 26. Tipularia article on Lichens Sean Beeching
- 27. Plant Life on Granite Outcrops New Ga. Encyclopedia, Robert Wyatt
- 28. A Guide to Twelve Common & Conspicuous Lichens Bot Soc, UGA
- 29. Forest Health Notes 2007 (tree diseases) Georgia Forestry Commission
- WYATT, R. and J.R. ALUSON. 2000. 'Flora and vegetation of granite outcrops in the southeastern United States."
- Georgia Environmental Policy Act (GEPA) guidelines and check list
- Georgia Exotic Pest Council list of non-native plants (last updated 6/20/08)
- 33. Federal Register Documents relating to Stone Mountain (Plants and Fairy Shrimp)
- 34. Five-Year Review for Granite Outcrop Plants (2008, USFWS, isoetes & Amphiarthus)
- 35. Georgia Historic Landscape Initiative
- 36. Audubon Cooperative Sanctuary Program (Golf Course)
- 37. Justine Lamperty Drift Fence Project 2009-2010 (reptiles & amphibians)
- 38. Triangle Parking Lot magazine article (Interlocking Concrete Pavement, Nov. 2008)
- 39. Amphibians in North Georgia Ryan Huang 2010
- 40. TMDL for Total Mercury in Fish Tissue Residue US EPA Region 4 report, 2002

Other important sources Include Georgia Environmental Policy Act Environmental Effects Reports. These have been prepared for the Tennis Facility, Events District, Top of the Mountain developments, Park Center District, the Triangle Parking Lot (in LMP map section), and the proposed "Flood" attraction. Historical documents prepared by New South Associates also contain valuable information. There are also a number of books that contain relevant natural and cultural history information.

Prepared by Larry Winslett for Stone Mountain Park, April 2006 (last updated 1/2012)





STONE MOUNTAIN PARK LAND MANAGEMENT PLAN SPECIES BOOK

SUPPLEMENT #2

This supplement contains individual wildlife species maps, information, and monitoring data. Wildlife inventorios and other related annual monitoring data such as water quality, weather, species counts, etc. are also included.





We have three additional books:

Supplement 2 addresses what and where rare or native plant species of note can be found in the Park.





ROCK ASTER Aster avitus (rare species, candidate for state and federal listing)

Discovered in the park by Jim Allison. Verified in recent years by Larry Winslett, Jim Allison, Mike Moore, and Alice Richards.

LMA# 18, 21, 23, 24, 32, & 56

The main threat to all sites, because of location, is foot traffic. LMA# 21 has one site (#1) with a possible Kudzu conflict. LMA# 32, the golf course site (#2) is in critical conflict with Kudzu. LMA# 21 & #24 (#3) have sites where mowing may be a concern to be watched.

photo by Larry Winslett

Map # 16

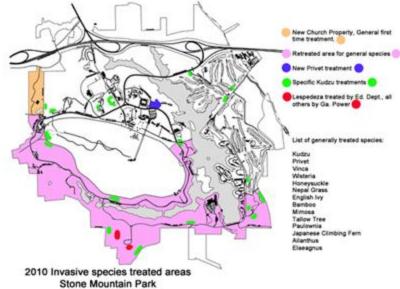




STONE MOUNTAIN PARK LAND MANAGEMENT PLANS INVASIVE PLANT BOOK

Supplement #3

This supplement contains information on exotic species in Stone Mountain Park and efforts to control them. Biological information on each species, recommendations for control, and maps showing the location of these species in the park are in this section. The maps also indicate treated areas and methods used.





First found here in 5 & 7/2011

We have three additional books:

Supplement 3 highlights what invasive plant species are located in the Park and provides a map of their location.

WATER PRIMROSE Ludwigia peploides (spp.)

South American invasive, very aggressive. Found in Golf Course Lake in 2009 and treated by course crew. Larger lake below should be watch for appearance of this species.

New locations found in 2011. Spreads from seeds and roots. Can be controlled by pulling, make sure to get roots. Chemicals that are possibly effective, digat, and glyphosate.

Watch areas NOTE: There is possibly more than one species, some not as aggressive.

photo by Larry Winslett

LMA NO.	PROJECTS (Project contact noted as needed) (H) = High Priority (M) = Medium (L) = Low (ED) = Education Dept.	Area Monitor (s)	MONITORING (see general notes on last page)	REMARKS
57	Clean-up Invasive species (Flag Terrace) (H) by ED, Clean-up Christmas Bulbs (M) Road monitoring, graffiti monitoring, no more yellow lines, Police off-road use (L) Removal of metal above railings (H) Remove gravel Record historic graffiti carvings (M) (Larry to photo & locate, ongoing)	Kazen (M) + Larry	Aster Avitus (Lany) Invasives below halfway house and service road erosion Christmas bulbs for clean-up	
58	Cherokee Trail monitor and clean-up Rare and protected species survey in spring (Lany & Karen) Remove gravel	Kasen (M) +Lany (M)	Cherokee Trail Rare and state protected species in this area (spring) March/April rare species sweep	
59	Graffiti removal by ED (ongoing) Remove gravel	Kazen (M)	Monitor gravel off road	
60	Pump Station and water line (60-61 border)	Kazen (M)	Get report from Richard @ pump station and condition of water line	
61		Kaæn (M)	Quarry Echibit maintenance and monitoring by ED (H) Train Service Y and Clean-up (H) Christmas bulbs for clean-up	
62	Lany to re-photo carving in fall 2012 Note: Physical inspection of carving every three years (last in 2011, next in 2014). Re-photo in other years. (coordinate with Mark Lassiter)	Lany (M) Bob/Frank Mark L.	Visual inspections every three years (next in 2014) in April (Mark L.) Annual photography as part of monitoring (Lany)	
63		Kaæn(M)	Monitor non-native sedum	
64	Continue Isoetes reintroduction project (H) return plants in 2012, take new soil, Juncus Extend Fence (L) possibly remove more pines affecting pools (H) Obtain USFWS report on Isoetes & Amphianthus Remove two dead pines at the end of observation deck. (Brian, Lany, & volunteers) New Signs	Lany (M) + Brian	Continuing monitoring of Isoetes project (H) And Amphiantinus . Trash clean-up	

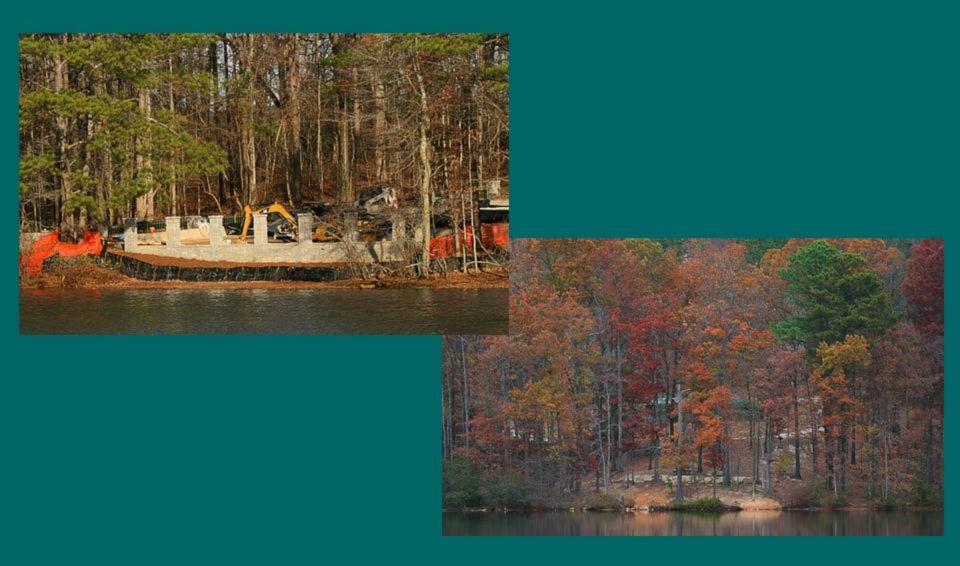
Monitoring and projects

Each LMA has a monitor who walks the entire LMA twice a year to note changes, report problems, or provide additional data for a management plan.

How do we use all of these books, papers, and monitoring data?

English Ivy at Carillon Parking Lot 1-28-2011

Helps us make decisions related to tree issues



Helps us know when to repair or when to just monitor if we have shoreline issues

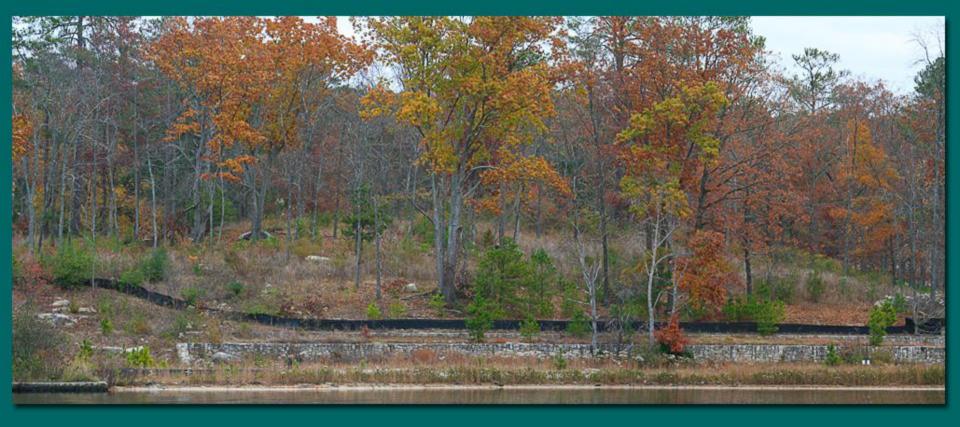




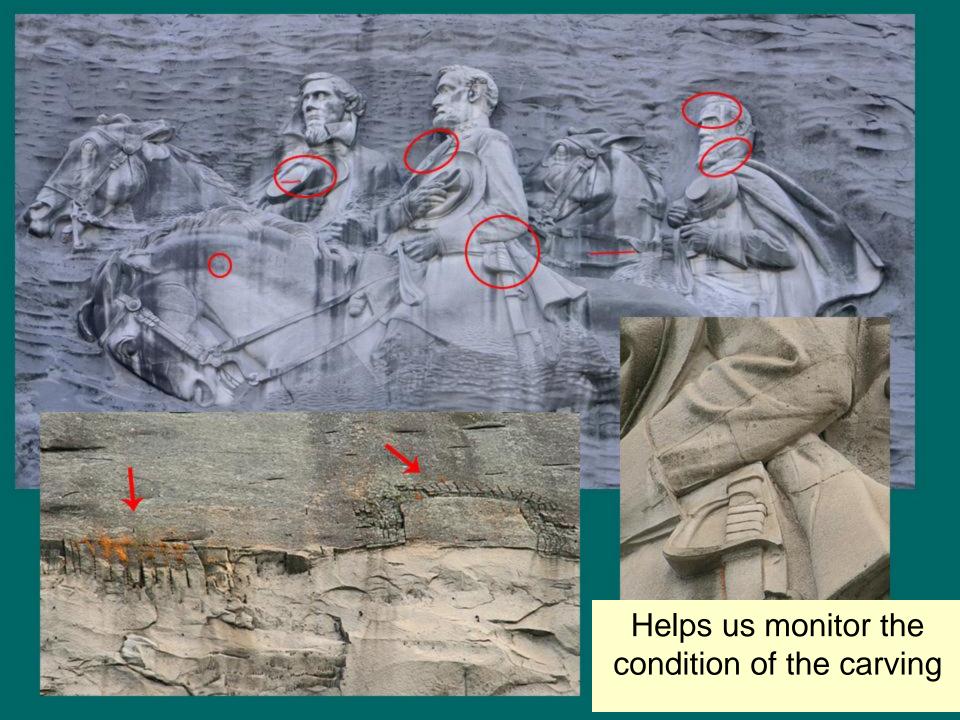




Helps us uncover infrastructure, storm damage, and trash issues



Helps us make decisions about how to recover a previously used area - do we leave it to nature or provide assistance







Helps us monitor the impacts of our actions on the landscape and wildlife

(above photo shows annual mowing to allow wildflower growth)

Larry Winslets 2011



Invasive Species

Helps us determine where, when, and what to remove Helps us understand the importance of and focus us on restoring threatened or endangered plants

Isoetes in pans 4-9-2011 (c)



Isoetes 7-17-09 (B) Quillwort in upper pool

Isoetes Black-spored Quillwort Below: Bluebird nest boxes Right: Animal rescue (top: owlet, bottom: injured hawk)



Golf Course -Helps us work closely with all Park partners to use Best Management Practices within the Park.





- - -

Wildflower recovery areas and environmental case studies on golf course.



Golf Course and Nature

This area has been naturalized to provide food and shelter for wildlife.

A proud member of the Audubon Cooperative Sanctuary System.